Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (currently amended) A method for analyzing waviness of a surface, the method comprising:

measuring a height of the surface over a predetermined distance with a surface profiling instrument;

processing data gathered with the surface profiling instrument to produce a set of data points indicative of a waviness profile;

selecting a subset of the set of data points;

determining a peak value and a valley value of the subset;

calculating a waviness height of the subset based on the peak and valley values;

repeating the selecting, determining, and calculating steps for additional subsets

until all members of the set of data points have been selected; and

selecting a maximum waviness height value from the waviness heights calculated for each subset;

wherein each subset includes a predetermined number of consecutive data points.

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the surface profiling instrument is a profilometer.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising comparing the maximum waviness height value to a threshold value and generating an acceptance signal if the maximum waviness height value is less than the threshold value.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising comparing the maximum waviness height value to a threshold value and generating a reject signal if the maximum waviness height value is greater than the threshold value.

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- 5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein each subset includes at least one data point included in a previous subset.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein each subset includes at least one data point not included in a previous subset.

7. (cancelled)

- 8. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the predetermined distance is at least two times greater than a specified number of cutoffs over which waviness assessment is conducted.
- 9. (original) A method for analyzing waviness of a machined surface, the method comprising:

obtaining a data set having a plurality of sequential data points indicative of a waviness profile of the machined surface;

establishing a size of a data processing window representing a predetermined number of sequential data points;

positioning the data processing window to include a first data point in the data set;

selecting a subset of the data set;

determining a peak value and a valley value of the subset;

calculating a peak-to-valley waviness height based on the difference between the peak and valley values;

indexing the data processing window to select another subset having at least one different member than a previous subset;

repeating the selecting, determining, calculating, and indexing steps until each data point in the data set has been selected at least once.

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- 10. (original) The method of claim 9 wherein the data processing window is indexed by one data point each iteration such that a first sequential data point in the subset is removed from the subset and the next data point in sequence in the data set is added to the subset.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 9 wherein the data processing window is indexed by more than one data point each iteration.
- 12. (currently amended) The method of claim 9 wherein <u>a size of</u> the data processing window size is five times greater than a cutoff length representative of a spacial frequency.
- 13. (original) A method for analyzing waviness of a surface, the method comprising:

measuring a height of the surface with a surface profiling instrument to obtain data over a predetermined distance;

fitting a regression line to the data;

subtracting the regression line from the data over the predetermined distance; filtering the data to determine a waviness profile having a set of data points; selecting a subset of the set of data points that includes a predetermined number of consecutive data points;

determining a peak value and a valley value of the subset;

calculating a peak-to-valley height of the subset based on a difference between the peak and valley values;

repeating the selecting, determining, and calculating steps for additional subsets until all data points have been selected at least once;

selecting a maximum waviness height value from the peak-to-valley heights calculated for each subset;

comparing the maximum height waviness value to a threshold value indicative of a localized waviness region; and

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rejecting the part if the maximum waviness height value exceeds the threshold value.

- 14. (original) The method of claim 13 further comprising the step of accepting the part if the maximum waviness height value does not exceed the threshold value.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 13 wherein the surface is adapted to mate to a gasket.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein the surface is disposed on an engine block.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein the surface is disposed on cylinder head.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 13 wherein the surface is a portion of a transmission component.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 13 wherein each subset includes the same number of data points.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 13 wherein a first data point in the first subset and a last data point in the last subset are not members of any other subset.
- 21. (original) The method of claim 13 wherein the predetermined distance is greater than 35mm.